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=> s nanotube (p) substrate (p) (electrode or contact)
PROXIMITY OPERATOR LEVEL NOT CONSISTENT WITH
FIELD CODE - 'AND' OPERATOR ASSUMED 'NANOTUBE (P) SUBSTRATE'
PROXIMITY OPERATOR LEVEL NOT CONSISTENT WITH
FIELD CODE - 'AND' OPERATOR ASSUMED 'SUBSTRATE (P) '
PROXIMITY OPERATOR LEVEL NOT CONSISTENT WITH
FIELD CODE - 'AND' OPERATOR ASSUMED 'NANOTUBE (P) SUBSTRATE'
PROXIMITY OPERATOR LEVEL NOT CONSISTENT WITH
FIELD CODE - 'AND' OPERATOR ASSUMED 'SUBSTRATE (P) '
L2
          1225 NANOTUBE (P) SUBSTRATE (P) (ELECTRODE OR CONTACT)
=> s nanotube (s) (span? or connect?) (s) (electrode or contact)
           293 NANOTUBE (S) (SPAN? OR CONNECT?) (S) (ELECTRODE OR CONTACT)
=> s 12 and 13
           70 L2 AND L3
=> s (electrode or contact) (s) titanium
         26199 (ELECTRODE OR CONTACT) (S) TITANIUM
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=> s 14 and 15

L6 0 L4 AND L5

=> s nanotube (p) substrate (s) silicon

PROXIMITY OPERATOR LEVEL NOT CONSISTENT WITH

FIELD CODE - 'AND' OPERATOR ASSUMED 'NANOTUBE (P) SUBSTRATE'

PROXIMITY OPERATOR LEVEL NOT CONSISTENT WITH

FIELD CODE - 'AND' OPERATOR ASSUMED 'NANOTUBE (P) SUBSTRATE'

L7 1403 NANOTUBE (P) SUBSTRATE (S) SILICON

=> s 14 and 17

L8 15 L4 AND L7

=> display 18 1-15 ibib abs

L8 ANSWER 1 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2004:909040 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

142:270534

TITLE:

"And" gate logic element with single-wall carbon

nanotube structure and its manufacture

INVENTOR(S):

Zhao, Jigang; Wang, Taihong

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Institute of Physics, Chinese Academy of Sciences,

Peop. Rep. China

SOURCE:

Faming Zhuanli Shenqing Gongkai Shuomingshu, 15 pp.

CODEN: CNXXEV

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Chinese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
CN 1466219	A	20040107	CN 2002-123865	20020705
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			CN 2002-123865	20020705

The and gate logic element consists of a Si substrate, a SiO2 insulator, a single-wall C nanotube, 2 gates, and 3 electrodes with the 1st and the 2nd electrodes grounded and the 2nd electrode connected to a constant voltage source through a resistance. The gate is formed by deposition of Al in the groove in the SiO2 insulator and then local oxidation to form Al2O3 insulator, and 2 electrodes are similarly formed from noble metal.

L8 ANSWER 2 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2004:909038 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

142:270532

TITLE:

Logic "not" gate element manufactured from carbon

nanotube

INVENTOR(S):

Zhao, Jigang; Wang, Taihong

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Institute of Physics, Chinese Academy of Sciences,

Peop. Rep. China

SOURCE:

Faming Zhuanli Shenqing Gongkai Shuomingshu, 13 pp.

CODEN: CNXXEV

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Chinese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
CN 1466217	Α	20040107	CN 2002-123863	20020705
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			CN 2002-123863	20020705
AB The "not" gate logic	c eleme	nt consists	of a Si substrate, a S	i02

insulator, a single-wall C nanotube on the substrate, a gate, and 2 electrodes with one connected to a constant voltage source. The gate is formed by deposition of Al in groove (depth 10 nm-95 μ m) on the insulator and then by local oxidation to form Al203 insulator. The 2 electrodes are formed by covering 2 noble metal strips on both ends of C nanotube, resp.

ANSWER 3 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:909036 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:270530

"Or/not" logic element of carbon nanotube TITLE:

Zhao, Jigang; Wang, Taihong INVENTOR(S):

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Institute of Physics, Chinese Academy of Sciences,

Peop. Rep. China

Faming Zhuanli Shenqing Gongkai Shuomingshu, 14 pp. SOURCE:

CODEN: CNXXEV

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent Chinese LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. PATENT NO. CN 1466215 ---------20040107 CN 2002-123861 20020705 CN 2002-123861 20020705 A PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

The "or/not" logic element consists of a Si substrate, a SiO2 insulator, a C nanotube, 2 gates, and 2 noble metal electrodes (Au, Pt), one connected to a constant voltage source and another as an output lead. The gate is formed by deposition of Al in groove (thickness 10 nm-95 μ m) on the SiO2 insulator and then local oxidation to form an Al2O3 insulator (thickness <3 nm), and the electrode at the outer side of the 2 gates is similarly prepared

ANSWER 4 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:701129 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:216774

TITLE: Semiconductor power devices having carbon nanotube

electron emitter Nagahama, Hideo

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Matsushita Electric Works, Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 28 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

INVENTOR(S):

KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. PATENT NO. JP 2004241366 A2 20040826 JP 2003-149804 20030527
JP 2002-361144 A 20021212

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: The title power devices have a SiC substrate which is provided with (1) an n--drift region between a p+-source region and an n+-drain region, (2) a gate contact impressed by voltage higher than that on the source contact, (3) carbon nanotube electron emitter for emitting electrode fed from the p+-source region upon impression of the voltage, (4) glass cap fixed on the substrate to make the electron emitter region vacuum region, and (5) a collector contact which collects electron emitted into the vacuum region from electron emitter connected via the n+-drift contact region in the n--drift region. The arrangement gives the semiconductor devices significantly decreased ON resistance while maintaining high withstand voltage.

ANSWER 5 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:472609 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:32527

TITLE: Semiconductor sensors for detection of physical

quantities

INVENTOR(S): Miyajima, Hisakazu; Yabuta, Akira; Datton, Robert

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Matsushita Electric Works, Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 15 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

KIND DATE

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.

APPLICATION NO. --------------_____ A2 20040610 JP 2002-332438 20021115 JP 2004163373 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 2002-332438 The sensors, useful for pressure sensors, acceleration sensors, comprise micromachined structures including thin flexible parts, which deform on application of certain phys. quantities, formed on semiconductor substrates (e.g., Si), carbon nanotube gage resistors, which are placed on the flexible parts on one side of the microstructures via insulator films and change their shapes on deformation of the flexible parts, patterned wirings (e.g., Al) connected to both ends of the resistors, and pairs of electrodes, placed on both ends of the resistors for connecting the resistors to the wirings, which have sharp peaks on their ends and are composed of catalytic metal

ANSWER 6 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2004:400068 CAPLUS

materials (e.g., Fe, Ni, Co) for growth of carbon nanotubes.

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

142:345902

TITLE:

Trapping and aligning carbon nanotubes via substrate

geometry engineering

AUTHOR (S):

Wang, Y. M.; Han, Wei-Qiang; Zettl, A.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Department of Physics, and Materials Sciences Division, Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory, University of California at Berkeley, Berkeley, CA,

94720, USA

SOURCE:

New Journal of Physics (2004), 6, No pp. given, Paper

No. 15

CODEN: NJOPFM; ISSN: 1367-2630

URL: http://ej.iop.org/links/q34/69lnjSwmpiQd,dhyNFdGQ

w/njp4 1 015.pdf

PUBLISHER: DOCUMENT TYPE: Institute of Physics Publishing Journal; (online computer file)

LANGUAGE: English

We present a simple method to place pregrown carbon nanotubes at specified locations on geometrically patterned silicon devices. Following room-temperature solution deposition, the nanotubes span gaps between pairs of tooth-shaped anchors serving as mech. and/or elec. contacts. With a single deposition step, at least 50% of the anchor pairs are spanned by nanotubes. With the simultaneous application of modest local elec. fields during deposition, the yield of successfully spanned anchor pairs is increased to 100%. Our placement method may find application in the reliable fabrication of nanotube-based electronic and micro-electromech. systems (MEMS) devices.

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 20 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ANSWER 7 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

20

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2004:268770 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

140:313233

TITLE:

Field-effect transistors having a semiconductive carbon-nanotube plugged in nano-contact holes and fabrication of carbon-nanotube FETs for array

integration

INVENTOR(S):

Iijima, Ryuta

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Sharp Corp., Japan Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 18 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

SOURCE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2004103802	A2	20040402	JP 2002-263143	20020909
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2002-263143	20020909

AB The title FETs comprise (1) a 1st electrode formed on a substrate, (2) an interlayer insulator layer formed over the 1st electrode on the substrate, (3) a nano-contact hole which is vertically formed through the interlayer insulator layer and

reached down to the 1st electrode, (4) a gate contact layer formed as a sidewall in the nano-contact hole and extended to a circuit layer on the interlayer insulator layer, (5) a gate insulator layer which is formed as a sidewall over the gate contact sidewall layer and extended over the circuit on the interlayer insulator, and (6) a semiconductive carbon nanotube which is plugged inside the sidewalls in the nano-contact hole and connected

to the 1st **electrode**. The arrangement gives the nano-FETs characteristic stability and high integration feasibility in array formation.

L8 ANSWER 8 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2003:893047 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

139:356947

TITLE:

Contacting of nanotubes for integration into an

electric circuit

INVENTOR(S):

Duesberg, Georg Stefan; Graham, Andrew; Kreupl,

Franz-Martin; Liebau, Maik; Unger, Eugen

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Infineon Technologies A.-G., Germany PCT Int. Appl., 18 pp.

SOURCE:

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

		ENT I				KINI)	DATE		APP:	LICAT	ION 1	NO.		D	ATE		
		2003				A2	-	2003	1113	WO :	 2003-:	 EP334	 41		20	0030	331	
	WO	2003	0942	26		A3		2004	0722									
		W :	JP,	KR,	US													
		RW:	AT,	BE,	BG,	CH,	CY,	, CZ,	DE,	DK, EE	, ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	ΗU,	ΙE,	
			IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	RO,	SE,	SI, SK	, TR							
	DE	1022	0194			A1		2003	1127	DE :	2002-	1022	0194		20	0020!	506	
	EΡ	15022	299			A2		2005	0202	EP :	2003-	7223	70		20	0030	331	
		R:	ΑT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB, GR	, IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,	
			ΙE,	SI,	FI,	RO,	CY,	TR,	BG,	CZ, EE	, HU,	SK						
	JΡ	2005	5294	31		T2		2005	0929	JP :	2004-	50234	47		20	0030	331	
	US	2005	1481	74		A1		2005	0707	US :	2004-	98091	83		20	0041	103	
PRIOR	TI	APP	LN.	INFO	. :					DE :	2002-	1022	0194	A	. 20	0020	506	
										WO :	2003-	EP334	41	W	20	0030	331	
	_				_													_

AB The invention relates to a method for contacting nanotubes, especially C nanotubes, in view of the integration thereof into an elec. circuit.

After being applied to the metallic strip conductors of the elec. circuit, the nanotubes are connected to the same at the points of contact by means of current-less metalization.

L8 ANSWER 9 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:693255 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:189511

TITLE: Memory device utilizing carbon nanotubes and method of

fabricating the memory device

INVENTOR(S): Choi, Won-Bong; Yoo, In-Kyeong; Chu, Jae-Uk
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd., S. Korea

SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 28 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 1341184	A1	20030903	EP 2003-250805	20030207
EP 1341184	B1	20050914		
R: AT, BE, CH,	DE, DK	, ES, FR, GE	B, GR, IT, LI, LU,	NL, SE, MC, PT,
IE, SI, LT,	LV, FI	, RO, MK, CY	, AL, TR, BG, CZ,	EE, HU, SK
JP 2003264249	A2	20030919	JP 2003-30273	20030207
CN 1450643	A	20031022	CN 2003-128592	20030209
US 2003170930	A1	20030911	US 2003-361024	20030210
US 7015500	B2	20060321		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			KR 2002-7709	A 20020209
			KR 2002-71398	A 20021116

A C nanotube memory device and a fabrication method thereof are AB provided. The C nanotube memory device includes a substrate, a source electrode, a drain electrode , a C nanotube, a memory cell, and a gate electrode. The source electrode and the drain electrode are arranged with a predetd. interval between them on the substrate and subjected to a voltage. The C nanotube connects the source electrode to the drain electrode and serves as a channel for charges. The memory cell is located over the C nanotube and stores charges from the C nanotube. The gate electrode is formed in contact with the upper surface of the memory cell and controls the amount of charge flowing from the C nanotube into the memory cell. As described above, the C nanotube memory device includes the C nanotube having a high conductivity and a high emissivity, and the memory cell having an excellent

charge storage capability, so that the memory device can function as a fast, highly-integrated memory device without errors.

REFERENCE COUNT: 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

REFERENCE COUNT: 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L8 ANSWER 10 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:261166 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:264192

TITLE: Electronic devices having SiC semiconductors and

fabrication of devices for decreasing contact

resistance

INVENTOR(S): Minakami, Makoto; Imai, Kiyoshi; Shinohe, Takashi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Toshiba Corp., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 12 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

JP 2003100658 A2 20030404 JP 2001-295115 20010926

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 2001-295115 20010926

The title devices comprise a p- or n-SiC semiconductor substrate and carbon nanotube-containing carbon electrodes provided on the substrate. The formation of the C electrodes involves vacuum-heating the SiC substrate to remove the surface region of Si out of SiC substrate and growing C nanotube in direct connection to the C atom on the substrate surface for decreased contact resistance between the SiC substrate and C electrodes.

L8 ANSWER 11 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:331177 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 130:360254

TITLE: Carbon nanotube devices and their manufacture

INVENTOR(S): Den, Toru; Iwasaki, Tatsuya

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Canon K. K., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 11 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 11139815	A2	19990525	JP 1997-305512	19971107
JP 3363759	B2	20030108		
ODINI DODIN THE			TD 1005 005510	10051105

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1997-305512 19971107

AB The title device comprises carbon nanotubes at least whose one ends are connected to a substrate, and the connected parts comprise catalyst ultrafine powders containing Fe, Co, and/or Ni dispersed in a material containing Cu, Ag, Au, and/or Cr. Claimed process comprises thermal decomposition of a raw material gas containing ethylene, acetylene, and/or

CO at 400-800° for growth of carbon nanotubes on the above substrate. The carbon nanotubes are connected on an electrode of the device, in which electurrent is controlled by magnetic field.

L8 ANSWER 12 OF 15 COMPENDEX COPYRIGHT 2006 EEI on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006(4):2728 COMPENDEX

TITLE: Synthesis of nanoscale devices for neural

electrophysiological imaging.

AUTHOR: Dell'Acqua-Bellavitis, Ludovico M. (Engineering

Science Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, Troy, NY, United States); Ballard, Jake D.; Bizios, Rena;

Siegel, Richard W.

MEETING TITLE: 2005 Materials Research Society Spring Meeting.

MEETING LOCATION: San Francisco, CA, United States

MEETING DATE: 28 Mar 2005-01 Apr 2005

SOURCE: Materials Research Society Symposium Proceedings v 872

2005.p 395-400, arn: J18.17

SOURCE: Micro- and Nanosystems - Materials and Devices

CODEN: MRSPDH ISSN: 0272-9172

PUBLICATION YEAR: 2005 MEETING NUMBER: 66357

DOCUMENT TYPE: Conference Article

TREATMENT CODE: Theoretical; Experimental

LANGUAGE: English

ΑN 2006(4):2728 COMPENDEX

A device with nanometric resolution in space and millisecond resolution in AB time, intended for neural electrophysiological imaging applications, is being developed and fabricated for in vitro experimentation. The device consists of (i) an integrated circuit (IC) platform and (ii) a carbon nanotube/polymethylmethacrylate composite construct. Arrays of equi-spaced multiple gold electrodes were fabricated using combined e-beam and optical lithography to achieve three types of IC platforms with three different scales of resolution. Carbon nanotubes were synthesized on silicon dioxide substrates using a chemical vapor deposition method. Subsequently, the carbon nanotube arrays were infiltrated with in situ polymerized polymethylmethacrylate to achieve electrical insulation between adjacent nanotube bundles. The composite construct was fabricated and exhibited electrical conductivity and connectivity between two faces of the composite along the length of the nanotubes. The carbon nanotube arrays grown on silicon dioxide exhibited uniform length and a high level of alignment, which was preserved subsequent the in situ polymerization process. The devices can be deployed as an interface between ICs and mammalian cells. \$CPY 2005 Materials Research Society. 4 Refs.

ANSWER 13 OF 15 COMPENDEX COPYRIGHT 2006 EEI on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004(31):4768 COMPENDEX

Effects of surface forces and phonon dissipation in a TITLE:

three-terminal nanorelay.

Jonsson, L.M. (Department of Applied Physics Chalmers AUTHOR:

University of Technology Goteborg University, SE - 412

96 Goteborg, Sweden); Nord, T.; Kinaret, J.M.;

Viefers, S.

Journal of Applied Physics v 96 n 1 Jul 1 2004 2004.p SOURCE:

629-635

Journal

2004

CODEN: JAPIAU ISSN: 0021-8979

PUBLICATION YEAR:

DOCUMENT TYPE:

TREATMENT CODE:

Theoretical; Experimental

LANGUAGE: English 2004(31):4768 COMPENDEX ΆN

A nanoerlay system in which a conducting multiwall carbon AΒ nanotubes (CNT) (MWNT) was placed on a terrace in a silicon dioxides substrates and connected to three electrodes was analyzed. The short range and van der Walls forces had an impact on the characteristics of the relay and introduce design constraints. The effects of dissipation due to phonon excitation in the drain contact, which changes the switching time scales of the system, decreasing the longest time scale by 2 order of magnitude were

element and investigate the dynamics and properties of such a device. (Edited abstract) 26 Refs.

ANSWER 14 OF 15 INSPEC (C) 2006 IET on STN

2004:8097163 INSPEC ACCESSION NUMBER:

A2004-20-8120V-020; B2004-10-0587-011 DOCUMENT NUMBER:

TITLE: Carbon nanotube coatings for thermal control

Sample, J.L.; Rebello, K.J.; Saffarian, H.; Osiander, AUTHOR:

also discussed. It was found that the nanorelay can be used as a memory

R. (Appl. Phys. Lab., Johns Hopkins Univ., Laurel, MD,

USA)

The Ninth Intersociety Conference on Thermal and SOURCE:

Thermomechanical Phenomena In Electronic Systems (IEEE Cat. No.04CH37543), Vol.1, 2004, p. 297-301 Vol.1 of

1561 pp., 8 refs.

Editor(s): Ramakrisha, K.; Sammakia, B.G.; Culham, J.R.; Joshi, Y.K.; Pang, J.H.-L.; Jonnalagadda, K.; Tonapi, S.; Refai-Ahmed, G.; Tom Lee, T.-Y.; Copeland, D.W.; Ellsworth Jr, M.J.

ISBN: 0 7803 8357 5

Price: 0-7803-8357-5/04/\$20.00

Published by: IEEE, Piscataway, NJ, USA

Conference: The Ninth Intersociety Conference on Thermal and Thermomechanical Phenomena In Electronic

Systems, Las Vegas, NV, USA, 1-4 June 2004

Sponsor(s): Components, Packaging and Manufacturing Technol. Soc. of the Inst. of Elec. and Electron. Eng

Conference; Conference Article

DOCUMENT TYPE: TREATMENT CODE:

COUNTRY:

CODE: Experimental United States

LANGUAGE: English

AN 2004:8097163 INSPEC DN A2004-20-8120V-020; B2004-10-0587-011

AB Materials based on carbon nanotubes (CNT) with their high

thermal conductivity, the high aspect ratios as well as their mechanical strength, provide innovative materials for thermal control applications such as improved thermal interfaces. We demonstrate the feasibility of carbon nanotube based systems for use in thermal control applications, e.g. as a contact layer between two thermally connected materials. Multi-wall carbon nanotube (MWCNT) arrays of different density and length have been grown on silicon and copper surfaces using chemical vapor deposition. Measurements of the heat flow across different surfaces demonstrates that a CNT array as a contact layer will improve the thermal transport in vacuum, with a significant improvement over thermal grease designed for this purpose. An important application for this technology is in a thermal switch, where the contact between the two surfaces is not static and

L8 ANSWER 15 OF 15 INSPEC (C) 2006 IET on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:6

2001:6799666 INSPEC

conducting epoxies or thermal grease cannot be used

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

A2001-03-8120V-014; B2001-02-0587-001

TITLE:

Catalytic growth of carbon nanofibers on a porous

carbon nanotubes substrate

AUTHOR:

Renzhi Ma; Bingqing Wei; Cailu Xu; Ji Liang; Dehai Wu (Dept. of Mech. Eng., Tsinghua Univ., Beijing, China) Journal of Materials Science Letters (1 Nov. 2000),

SOURCE:

vol.19, no.21, p. 1929-31, 20 refs. CODEN: JMSLD5, ISSN: 0261-8028

SICI: 0261-8028(20001101)19:21L.1929:CGCN;1-8
Published by: Kluwer Academic Publishers, USA

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

TREATMENT CODE:

Practical; Experimental

COUNTRY: United States

LANGUAGE: English

DN A2001-03-8120V-014; B2001-02-0587-001 2001:6799666 INSPEC ANAfter the discovery of carbon nanotubes (CNTs) synthesized by AB an arc-discharge, catalytic methods were also applied to yield large quantities. It was soon realized that the catalytic decomposition of hydrocarbons is suitable for commercial application. Various hydrocarbons, such as C2H2, C2H4, C3H6 etc., were decomposed using carbon black and graphite or silica covered or embedded with transition metal nanoparticles as the substrate. Some researchers have also reported catalytically grown CNTs film on glass or silicon substrates for various potential applications, especially for panel displays because carbon nanotubes exhibit excellent field emission characteristics. In fact, the catalytic methods have been employed to synthesize vapor grown carbon fibers (VGCFs) or various carbon nanostructures (e.g., filaments and nanofibers). With the advent of CNTs, it is commonly considered that the characteristics of the VGCFs, as the diameter decreases, bear a close connection to CNTs. Carbon nanotubes have large surface area for their nanometer dimension. It has been reported that carbon nanotubes can be

applied as high surface area **electrodes** in electrochemical capacitors. In addition to filling metals into the inner core of carbon nanotubes, it was also found that metals or metal oxides, such as Pt, Au, Ag, and RuO2 were easily deposited onto their surface. So it was predicted that carbon nanotubes could be used as catalyst carriers. Here carbon nanofiber is prepared on a porous CNTs substrate by thermal decomposition of C3H6 in the presence of nickel catalyst particles in a hydrogen atmosphere